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COLDER

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Ten Cents a Week

OUR BASIS FOR PEACE

PRESIDENT WILSON ADDRESSING LEGISLATORS IN JOINT SESSION REPLY GIVEN TO CENTRAL POWERS FOR A FULL PEACE PARLEY

WASHINGTON, JANUARY 8.—(Associated Press Dispatch)—PRESIDENT WILSON TODAY, ADDRESSING CONGRESS, DELIVERED A RESTATEMENT OF WAR AIMS IN AGREEMENT WITH THE RECENT DECLARATION BY THE BRITISH PREMIER, DAVID LLOYD GEORGE.

IN HIS ADDRESS THE PRESIDENT PRESENTED A DEFINITE PROGRAM FOR WORLD PEACE, CONTAINING FOURTEEN SPECIFIC CONSIDERATIONS. THE PRESIDENT PRESENTED THE FOLLOWING AS NECESSARY ELEMENTS OF WORLD PEACE:

First: Open covenants of peace without private international understandings.

Second: Absolute freedom of the seas in peace or war, except as they may be closed by international action.

Third: Removal of all economic barriers and establishment of equality of trade conditions among nations consenting to peace and associating themselves for its maintenance.

Fourth: Guarantees for the reduction of national armament to the lowest point consistent to democratic safety.

Fifth: Imperial adjustment of all colonial claims based upon the principles that the peoples concerned have equal weight with the interests of the government.

Sixth: Evacuation of all Russian territory and opportunity for Russia's political development.

Seventh: Evacuation of Belgium without any attempt to limit her sovereignty.

Eighth: All French territory to be freed and restored and reparation for the taking of Alsace-Lorraine.

Ninth: Readjustment of Italy's frontier along clearly recognized lines of nationality.

Tenth: Freest opportunity for autonomous development of the peoples of Austria-Hungary.

Eleventh: Evacuation of Rumania, Serbia and Monte Negro, with access to the seas for Serbia and international guarantees of economic and political independence, and territory integrity of the Balkan States.

Twelfth: Secure sovereignty for Turkey's portion of the Ottoman Empire, but with other nationalities under Turkish rule assured security of life and opportunity for autonomous development with the Dardanelles permanently opened to all nations.

Thirteenth: Establishment of an independent political Polish state, including territory inhabited by indisputably Polish population, with free access to the sea and political and economic independence and territorial integrity, guaranteed by international covenant.

Fourteenth: General association of nations under specific covenant for mutual guarantee of political independence and territorial integrity to large and small states alike.

"For such arrangement and covenant," said the President in conclusion, "we are willing to fight and continue to fight until they are achieved; but only because we wish the right to prevail and desire a just and stable peace."

Such a program, he said, removed the chief provocations for war.

"The moral climax of this, the culminating and final war for human liberty has come," said the President in ending his address.

"And they (people of the United States) are ready to put their own strength, their own highest purpose, their own integrity and devotion to the test."

The President spoke as follows:

Gentlemen of the Congress:

"Once more, as repeatedly before, the spokesmen of the Central Powers, has indicated their desire to discuss the objects of the war and the possible basis of a general peace. Parleys have been in progress at Brest-Litovsk between representatives of the Central Powers and Russia, and the attention of the belligerents has been invited for the purpose of ascertaining whether it may be possible to extend these parleys into a general conference with regard to terms of peace and settlement."

The Russian representatives presented not only a perfectly definite statement of the principles upon which they would be willing to conclude peace, but also an equally definite program of the concrete application of these principles. The representatives of the Central Powers, on their part, presented an outline of settlement which, if much less definite, seems susceptible of liberal interpretation until their definite program of practical terms was added. That program proposed no concessions at all, either to the sovereignty of Russia or to the preferences of the population with whose fortune it dealt, but meant in a word that the Central Empires were to keep every foot of territory their armed forces had occupied—every province, every city, every point of vantage—as a permanent addition to their territory and their power.

It is a reasonable conjecture that the general principles of settlement which they, at first suggested, originated with the more liberal statesmen of Germany and Austria, the men who have begun to feel the force of their own people's thought and purpose, while the concerted terms of actual settlement came from the military leaders who have no thought but to keep what they have got. The negotiations have been broken off. The Russian representa-

FRENCH COLONIAL TROOPS IN CAMP



FRENCH COLONIAL TROOPS.

These big darkies have proved themselves of great value to the French on the western front and also in Morocco. Their camp is built on a large hill and tents are being used as sleeping quarters temporarily.

WASHINGTON IS SURPRISED

By Associated Press Dispatch.

Washington, January 8.—President Wilson addressed Congress at 12:30 today on foreign relations. The general impression in official and diplomatic circles was that the President would discuss war aims, probably in line with

the recent statement by the British Premier Lloyd George.

President Wilson's decision to address Congress was entirely unknown in Washington until announced at the White House. The President evidently had not confided the fact that he was working on the address to anyone.

The German social democrats have adopted a resolution, declaring that the honest recognition of the Democratic principles of the right of self-determination in occupied territory only can bring a lasting peace.

In London it is felt that the Central

Power will be compelled to make a full answer to Premier Lloyd George's statement of war aims which has brought about better feeling in Great Britain.

President Wilson has congratulated the British leader on his statement. German newspapers in their comment expressed their belief in the sincerity of the British Premier's words.

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NEW COUNCIL IS SWORN IN MONDAY NIGHT

Committees Are Named and Rowe Is Chosen Vice-president.

Auditor Hitchcock Named Clerk Until Legality of Action Is Established.

Joint Session With Union Township Trustees—Geo. Gossard Re-employed.

The new City Council met for the first time, Monday night, and organized for the next two years' work.

There were four new faces in the council—President Al Melvin, taking the place of Dr. C. W. Sodders; Chas Phillips, the place of Dr. L. P. Howell; J. Howard Hicks in the place of Wm. Sheets, and Chas. Himiller in the place of J. F. Evans.

The first action was the swearing in of the new council by Mayor V. J. Dahl, after which the solons proceeded to business, forgetting to have read the minutes of the previous sessions.

Rowe nominated City Auditor Hitchcock for clerk of council and after the "second motion" was made, Veal nominated James J. Flynn as clerk. When there was no "second" President Melvin ruled that there was only one nominee and ordered the vote cast for Auditor Hitchcock, which was done.

However, there was some question as to whether the City Auditor could hold two such offices, and the matter was allowed to rest until definite information was obtained from the City Solicitor, Auditor Hitchcock stating that he was not a candidate for the place.

Rowe Vice President.

Rowe nominated Veal for vice president, and Veal returned the compliment by naming Rowe for the office. When the vote was taken Rowe was elected, polling four out of the seven votes.

Committees Announced.

President Melvin then announced the following standing committees of council for the term of two years:

Ways and Means—Rowe, Bloomer, Veal.

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COUNTY MINISTERIAL ASSOCIATION MEETS

The Fayette County Ministerial Association held their monthly meeting at the Y. M. C. A. building yesterday forenoon. An interesting address was given by Rev. H. J. Holcomb, military pastor for the M. E. Church at Camp Sherman. In a forceful manner he outlined the work that is being done by the various religious bodies and urged that greater interest in the soldier boy by the people in the home communities be manifested, by visiting the camp writing letters and showing interest in various other ways. This being the date of the annual election the following officers were chosen for the ensuing year, President, T. C. Kerr, Bloomingburg; Vice President, J. L. Laughlin, Bloomingburg Secy-Treas. G. E. Groves Washington C. H.

FITE'S GROCERIES AND QUEENSWARE

United States Food Administration License No. 28,086

100 Bushels Fancy Ben Davis Apples

Special 45c per pk of 12 lbs.; \$1.40 per basket of 40 lbs.

New Crop Santa Clara Fancy Prunes

30-40 size 23c lb.	50-60 size 18c lb.
40-50 size 20c lb.	60-70 size 17c lb.

Sun Maid Seeded Raisins 15c lb.

Sun Maid Seedless Raisins 16c lb.

Valca Brand Dried Peaches in 1 lb. Cartons 22c.

Valca Brand Dried Apricots in 1 lb. Cartons 35c.

Pure Buckwheat, 5 lb. bags	45c
Corn Meal, 5 lb. bags	23c
Bulk Rolled Oats, lb.	.8c
Bulk Oatmeal, lb.	.8c
Cracked Hominy 4 lbs. for	25c
Rice Pop Corn 2 lbs for	25c

SPECIAL

50 bushels Choice Hand Picked Michigan Navy Beans
18c lb. 6 lbs. for \$1.05.

SPECIAL

Cupid Brand Laundry Starch 6c lb. 10 lbs. for 58c.
Not more than 10 lbs. to a customer.

MILK BUCKETS

Lisk's Heavy Anti-Rust Tin Buckets, 10, 12 and 14 quart size, \$1.10, \$1.20, \$1.25 and \$1.30.

Lisk's Extra Heavy Tin Milk Buckets 50c, 55c, 60c, 65c, 70c, 75c, 80c, 85c and 90c.

Nesco Heavy Tin Milk Buckets 50c up to 90c.

Lisk's Anti-Rust and Extra Heavy Tin Strainer Buckets \$1.20 to \$1.50.

Extra Heavy Tin Milk Cans with tight fitting lids.

1 quart size 45c.	6 quart size \$1.10.
2 quart size 60c.	8 quart size \$1.20.
3 quart size 75c.	10 quart size \$1.45-\$2.25.
4 quart size 85c.	16 quart size \$2.50.

New Pack California Canned Fruit Just In.

Del Monte Brand, the very finest packed.

Peaches 35c can; \$3.60 per dozen.

2 lb. Pineapple 30c can; \$3.00 per dozen.

2½ lb. Pineapple 35c can; \$3.60 per dozen.

Apricots 35c can; \$3.60 per dozen.

Peeled Apricots 40c can; \$4.00 per dozen.

White Cherries 40c can; \$4.20 per dozen.

Black Cherries 40c can; \$4.20 per dozen.

Bartlett Pears 35c can; \$3.80 per dozen.

Plums 30c can; \$3.00 per dozen.

SWEET BRIAR BRAND - A VERY FANCY STANDARD QUALITY

Peaches 30c can; \$3.00 per dozen.

2 lb. Pineapple 25c can; \$2.60 per dozen.

2½ lb. Pineapple 30c can; \$3.00 per dozen.

Apricots 30c can; \$3.00 per dozen.

Feeled Apricots 35c can; \$3.60 per dozen.

White Cherries 35c can; \$3.75 per dozen.

Black Cherries 35c can; \$3.75 per dozen.

Bartlett Pears 30c can; \$3.25 per dozen.

Plums 30c can; \$3.00 per dozen.

Assorted dozen of the above fruit at dozen price of each article.

A Fresh Shipment of National Biscuit Co.'s Fancy Cookies Came In Yesterday.

Lorna Doone Cookies .35c lb.

Vanilla Wafers .40c lb.

Cheese Tid Bits .35c lb.

Cheese Sticks .35c lb.

Golden Rod Sandwich .35c lb.

Nut Cream .35c lb.

Cocoanut Taffy .30c lb.

Fig Newtons .30c lb.

Spiced Marshmallow .35c lb.

Marshmallow Walnuts .35c lb.

Marshmallow Pecans .35c lb.

Atlantics .30c lb.

Amulet Puff .30c lb.

Social and Personal

The Daughters of the American Revolution held a most satisfactory first meeting of the New Year at the club rooms Monday afternoon.

Mrs. W. B. Woodward, Regent, conducted an opening business session, in which were made interesting reports of club work. A letter of grateful acknowledgement from the Camp Sherman Hospital for the jellies and fruits forwarded by the Daughters was read and the announcement made of \$38.50 cleared from the New Year's Military Euchre. It proved so successful that it was decided to hold second one at the home of Mrs. M. S. Daugherty, on Thursday, January tenth, at 2 o'clock, hoping that this Euchre will bring in the amount yet necessary to make up the local chapter's quota for the D. A. R. Lodge at Camp Sherman.

A motion was made to secure a picture of the dedication of this lodge.

The election of delegates to the Continental Congress to be held at Washington, D. C., was held. With the Regent, who is always a delegate by virtue of her office, delegates elected were Mesdames Ada Jones, A. M. Bush, R. M. Hughey; alternates Mesdames Joseph H. Harper, M. S. Daugherty, Robert Howat and Joseph Hidy.

Announcement was made of a mistake in the year book which dated the next meeting February 4th. It will be, as usual, held on the 22nd of February, and one of the marked anniversaries of the year. Mrs. John McFadden and Miss Forest Allen are preparing a special program.

The January motto, "We are not here to play, to dream, to drift; we have hard work to do and loads to lift; shun not the struggle; face it 'Tis God's will," was wonderfully opportune at this initial meeting of 1918.

The afternoon hostesses presented an interesting program and served delicious refreshments during a congenial social hour at its close. The hostesses were Mesdames Howat, Stutson, Ray Maynard, Joseph Hidy, Fuller Hess, Calvin Holmes, George Haynes, Misses Jean Howat, Pauline Pine, Montrose Parrett, Fantie Parrett, Mrs. J. Starr Smith and Miss Smith, Bainbridge; Mrs. Burdick C. Hunsicker, Williamsport.

Mrs. George H. Hitchcock presented a splendid paper, teeming with wit and originality in style, on "Education."

An Edison machine had been kindly loaned by Summer's and Son Piano Co., with a number of fine records, and the music was a much enjoyed feature of the afternoon.

Mrs. Daugherty read an interesting article by Guy Empey on "The Great Need of Tobacco Among the Soldiers."

Mrs. Byron Gifford, of Grand Rapids, Mich., was a welcome guest.

Although never in its history has Washington society experienced a holiday season of such quietness, broken by little, save family affairs festivities of the Junior set and club doings, yet the New Year is being launched with much that is purposeful and, if less gay, offers opportunities galore to the women of the community.

The club work is being actively resumed, with each club branching out to take up some patriotic line in connection with regular work, and the coming winter's activities promises much of both interest and benefit.

The M. H. G. Class held their regular meeting with Mrs. Frank S. Jackson, Monday night.

Although the necessary business was disposed of the evening was largely social and of marked pleasure.

Dainty refreshments were served and a large number braved the severe night to attend.

Tonight the Browning Club resumes sessions interrupted by the holiday season.

The evenings program will be presented by the History department, Mrs. Ethel Jackson, chairman.

"Mrs. Stoddard Calvin Hamilton gave a pretty dancing party for her young daughter, Margaret, at her home, 3228 Ruckle street, last evening, entertaining a group of young school friends. The rooms were gay with festoons of scarlet and greenery studded with tiny colored lights, while large American flags hung over the doorways gave a military air. All the appointments were carried out in the holiday red and green. Mrs. Hamilton was assisted in entertaining the young folks by her sister, Mrs. Esto Jenkins, and her mother, Mrs. W. A. Van Camp. Among the guests was Miss Marion Whelpley of Washington Court House, O., who cafe yesterday for a short visit at the Hamilton home." — Saturday's Indianapolis Star.

Misses Harriet Ellen and Marjorie Thornton of the Jamestown pike delightfully entertained the C. E. Society of the Sugar Creek Baptist Church, at their country home last Friday night.

After a short business session and

election of officers for the New Year, a social hour was enjoyed. In a word contest the first prize was won by Miss Hazel McCord and Roy Baughn, the consolation prize by Miss Marie Hines and Leonard Rine. A dainty collation was served.

Miss Gretchen Willis left Tuesday morning for Germantown, Pa., to continue her studies at the Walnut Lane School.

Mrs. Will Chaney returned Monday from a visit with friends in Lima.

Mr. and Mrs. Leroy Baker who has been spending several days in Dayton with relatives have returned home.

Mr. and Mrs. S. W. Cissna are leaving Wednesday for Miami, Fla., where they join Mr. and Mrs. James A. Crawford and Miss Nelle Cissna at their winter home for the remainder of the season.

Mr. Frank Snider, who was the week end guest of Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Leland, returned the first of the week to his home at Warsaw, Ind.

Mrs. Frank Janes and little son, Pilly, returned Monday from a three weeks visit in Gallipolis. Mr. Janes met them in Columbus and accompanied them home.

Miss Elizabeth McDonald returned to Mount St. Joseph's Academy, Cincinnati, Tuesday after spending the holidays with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John McDonald.

Henry Snider was over from Dayton the first of the week.

Mr. and Mrs. James Pursell have returned home after a visit of several days in Columbus with Mr. Pursell's mother.

Mrs. H. C. Teachnor and little daughter, Woldeane, have returned from a month's visit with Mrs. Teachnor's brother, Mr. Willis S. Curtis, and family, in New York. Mrs. Teachnor went east especially to see her son, Mercer Hufford, of the 17th U. S. Field Artillery, before he sailed for France, but the troops were moved with such rapidity that although in New York she missed seeing him.

Mr. and Mrs. Clifford Peddicord leave Wednesday for Florida, where they expect to spend the winter.

Miss Virginia Campbell and guest Miss Ruth Vanness, of Detroit, Mich., left Tuesday morning for "The Castle," Miss Mason's School on the Hudson where both Misses Campbell and Vanness are students.

Miss Ruth Melson is home from a visit of several days in Wilmington with her grand mother.

Mr. Walter Craig was a business visitor in Columbus, Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Stephen Wooldard, who have been the guests of Dr. and Mrs. Fred D. Wooldard, left the first of the week for their home at Indiana Harbor. Mr. and Mrs. E. P. Morse, the latter a sister of Dr. Wooldard and Mr. Stephen Wooldard of Columbus, were also the guests of Dr. and Mrs. Wooldard over Sunday.

Washington friends of Mrs. Revello Hughey will be interested to know that she has closed her country home, "Grandview Heights" near Bainbridge, and is now in New Orleans, La., where she expects to spend the winter.

Announcement is made by Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Lichty of the marriage of their daughter, Miss Sarah Maude Lichty, a junior at Oberlin College, to Palmer Bevis, formerly of St. Louis, now in Y. M. C. A. service in Russia—Columbus Citizen.

A concert will be given at the Red Cross Community House, Camp Sherman, Wednesday evening by Mrs. Maude Vallance, soprano; Mrs. Hugh Williams, whistler; Miss Goldie Mede, violinist, and Miss Evelyn Ross, accompanist—Columbus Citizen.

Miss Marie Melvin, as result of a fall on the ice, Monday, sustained a fracture of two ribs.

Miss Doris McFadden went to Columbus this evening to see "You're in Love" at the Hartman theatre.

Mr. William Robinson of East Broadway spent the past two days in Cincinnati, called by the illness of his son Charles.

Sgt. Gray will go in training January 16th, at Leon Springs, Texas, and it is believed by his many friends in this city that he will win his commission.

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The remains of Harry Larkin, Fayette county youth who died at Ft. Sam Houston, Texas, will reach this city Wednesday, and funeral arrangements will be announced later.

METHODIST SUNDAY

SCHOOL BOARD

The Sunday School Board of Grace Methodist Episcopal Church meets tonight at 7:30 o'clock in the Epworth League parlor.

F. & A. M.

Stated Communication Fayette Lodge No. 107, F. & A. M., Wednesday, January 9th. Officers and brethren be present at 7:00 p. m. Work in F. C.

WALTER E. ELLIS, W. M.

RAY D. POST, Secy.

6 t2

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ADVERTISING RATES FURNISHED ON APPLICATION.

Obituaries, memorial notices, resolutions and cards of thanks will be charged for at half rate, or 3 cents per line of six words.

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Business Office, Automatic.....22121 Society Editor, Automatic.....22122
City Editor, Automatic.....22122 Bell Phone170

Accept It Good-naturedly

The elements seem determined to teach people a severe lesson for their neglect last summer and autumn to provide themselves with a sufficient quantity of coal.

Whether the new year will undertake to pay the heat debt which its predecessor owes or not is question. From present indication old nineteen seventeen "expired" leaving an insolvent estate and our credit balance of something over one thousand degrees of heat on the year, doesn't look, at this time, like it was going to be collected.

The extra accumulation of cold which swept down upon us unannounced from the northeast holding back the warm currents from the west, permitted us only one good day of moderate temperature—enough to give us all the discomforts of melting snow and ice and very little relief from the cold.

These are disturbed times though and we must take the disarrangement of the weather along with the balance of the turmoil—good naturally.



Farmers' Institutes

January is here again and with its coming the preparations for the New Year have begun. The old scores left by the old year's activities are being adjusted so as not to interfere with the orderly march of events, as we have planned them, for the year which is just well begun.

Perhaps among the most important of the community preparations for the year's work, especially hereabouts, are the farmers institutes.

During January the farmers, as a general rule, enjoy a few weeks when the work on the farms is not so exacting either mentally or physically. During the first month of the year, they too, in common with all other business and professional men are able to take stock and post up for the coming year's activity.

The golden opportunity for the farmer is the institute because his invoice taking consists more of a balancing and readjustment of the mental view point. He must, if he is a progressive and a prosperous farmer, find out where and how and why he made mistakes in the year that is behind him. He must, if he is to do a better business in the year at hand, ascertain how those mistakes can be avoided in the future, how his business may be made more profitable—bigger results with less burden—and those highly to be desired results can only be obtained by a brightening up of the mental machinery.

It's no trouble to count the live stock on the place, invoice the grain and balance the receipts and expenditures. But to get right at the start off as to make the coming year better than any of the preceding years, the farmers must hear what his friends and neighbors have to offer in experience, advice and theory. He must hear the experts who have been in touch with the national and state work.

The institute, too, furnishes its full quota of pleasing entertainment. It's the vacation time and school time ideally blended in profitable and practically harmony.

Every year the institute is profitable to the farmer, but this year when the whole commercial and military structure of the nation is rested upon the farmers' broad shoulders it is up to them to attend every institute possible and get all the information obtainable.



Working Out the Problem

Among the initial acts of Director General McAdoo, in his endeavor to relieve the freight congestion on the transportation lines, is to annul some four hundred passenger trains on the railroads of the eastern and New England states.

One of the reasons given by railroad men for the unprecedented tie-up in freight on all the roads was the lack of rolling stock and motive power, while in trackage facilitates freight traffic was subordinated to passenger traffic—the multitude of heavy passenger trains with chair cars and dining cars attached, to say nothing of the heavy Pullman sleepers, consumed too much motive power and occupied too much track to permit the free movement of freight.

The annulling of hundreds of passenger trains will operate beneficially in two ways. It leaves the tracks much freer and at the same time releases for use on freight traffic hundreds of locomotives.

People must learn, if they are to have relief from the freight congestion which is paralysing business and bringing actual suffering to them, in depriving them of the necessities of life—food and fuel—that they must travel less and submit to some of the minor inconveniences.



Poetry For Today

MR. HOOVER'LL GET YOU.

(Apologies to James Whitcomb Riley) Mr. Hoover's creed of saving's come to our house to stay; It makes us scrape our plates off clean and watch the crumbs that stay; We're learning to eat every bite of beets and peas and beans And using lots of vegetables like cabbage and greens.

For we want to aid the Allies and help our cause along.

And assist the little nations and do it good and strong.

So you better watch your eatin' and mind what you're about

Or Mr. Hoover'll get you

If you
Don't
Watch
Out!

You mustn't go to market and order lamb or veal.

You help the Kaiser if you do and from the Allies steal; For lamb grows into mutton and veal would soon be beef.

If you're only using "grown up" meat you'll give the French relief.

Then most of us eat too much meat for our own good. I guess

Twould help us and the Allies, too, to get along with less.

So watch what you're a-buyin' and cut the young meat out.

Or Mr. Hoover'll get you

If you
Don't
Watch
Out!

All summer fruits and vegetables he's urg'in' us to can.

And even on the slightest waste he's surely put the ban.

Don't turn your face away and sniff when mother serves you hash.

Twill not only aid the Belgians, but increase your stock of cash,

And when you use the scraps and bone for making stews and soups, it's really helping quite a lot to feed our valiant troops.

Save the Allies from starvation and yourself from having gout

Or Mr. Hoover'll get you

If you
Don't
Watch
Out!

—Indiana Bulletin, published by Indiana State Council of Defense.

Weather Report

Washington, January 8.—Ohio: Generally fair Tuesday, except snow near Lake Erie; Wednesday local snows, warmer.

Tennessee — Fair Tuesday; Wednesday warmer, probably rain.

Kentucky — Fair Tuesday, rain or snow at night or Wednesday; warmer Wednesday.

Indiana — Fair Tuesday; Wednesday snow in the north, snow or rain in the south portion.

WEATHER FORECAST

Ohio—Local snows; warmer.

Daily Calendar.

From noon today to noon tomorrow: Sun sets, 4:51; moon rises, 3:18 a. m.; sun rises, 7:23.

CLIMATOLOGICAL CHART.

1:00 o'clock p. m.

Temperature	21
Lowest last night	14
Moisture Percentage	78
Snowfall5
Barometer	29.88

GUILD KENSINGTON.

Mrs. D. H. C. Bowen will entertain the Women's Guild Kensington of the Presbyterian church, Wednesday afternoon at two o'clock. All women of the church are cordially invited.

SECRETARY.

Year 1918

Promises Well for Buckeye State Building and Loan Company Rankin Building, 22 West Gay Street Columbus, Ohio.

1. The Buckeye is safe and conservative.
2. Just what people want.
3. Its assets over \$14,500,000.
4. With over 40,000 accounts.
5. Loans only on homes and farms, the safest of all mortgage loans.
6. Call or write for booklets.
7. Five per cent paid on time deposits.



Many men could afford to take another look at the picture above this. The world is full of men whose only thought in life has been the dollar sign. "More! More! I have got to have More to reach the place where I am going," is their only cry. Step on their friends, lie, and cheat to reach the place they are thinking of. But when they reach it they usually find barren rock and the ship they came in is wrecked. Live as you go, save what you can out of what you earn, but don't make the dollar mark your god. Help others as you go along, but not to the extent of being "a good thing," and be imposed upon. Your old age will be just what you make it. H. C.

BRITISH FIRE HALT TEUTONS IN YPRES AREA

(By American Press)

London, Jan. 8.—There are indications that important engagements are in the making in France, Flanders and Italy. At various points in these war zones intensive artillery duels are going on day and night. They are particularly severe in the region of Ypres and the Cambrai sector, where the British are facing the Germans along the Aisne, on the Verdun sector and along the Moselle river, where the forces of the German crown prince and Grand Duke Albrecht of Wurttemberg are opposing the French and in the Italian highlands from the region of Lake Garda eastward to the Plave river, where the Austro-German troops are aligned against the Italians, French and British.

Much of the shortage of coal now experienced over the country was attributed by Thorne to excessive shipments to the northwest, the temptation of the operators to hold back for higher prices greatly increased consumption, interference with distribution through natural channels, and an inadequate car supply. Relief, the witness said, can be brought about only through two courses, government operation of the mines or purchase of the entire output of the country. If neither is resorted to, lower prices could be made possible.

In the Illinois fields, some operators, the witness asserted, are receiving under government prices 100 per cent more than in 1916, when prices were considered high. He also declared there are wide price discrepancies in deliveries now being made and, as an illustration, said the government was having delivered at Camp Dodge, Ia., 100 tons daily at a price 50 per cent higher than the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy railroad is paying for similar coal from the same operator.

Examiner Wing was called to show

the difference between production costs at several mines and the prices the government allowed, but did not have complete data and will be further examined later.

The Classified column has a buyer.

he said, by the government buying the product of small mines, in which production costs are high.

Thorne told the committee the public had not had proper representation in the matter of price fixing and that in general, and in the Illinois fields in particular, prices allowed were much too high. He said that, although contracts made before the price fixing would have been profitable, many operators declined to fill them, making deliveries in most instances only at government prices. This was done, he said, despite the fact that it was stipulated in the price-fixing plan that contracts then in force should not be affected.

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The Classified column has a buyer.

FOR BURNING ECZEMA

Promptly Apply Zemo, the Clean Safe, Disappearing Antiseptic Liquid—Easy to Use—Does Not Stain

Greasy salves and ointments should not be applied if good clear skin is wanted. From any druggist for 35c, or \$1.00 for extra large size, get a bottle of zemo. When applied as directed it effectively removes eczema, quickly stops itching and heals skin troubles, also sores, burns and chafing. It penetrates, cleanses and disinfects. Try it, as we believe nothing you have ever used is as effective and lasting.

The E. W. Peacock Co., Cleveland, O.

PUBLIC SALE

We the undersigned having a surplus of live stock will sell at Public Auction on the Lester McKillip farm 2 miles east of Jeffersonville, 2 miles south of Bookwalter, 12 miles north of Washington C. H., on the Carr and Irwin road, on

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 16, 1918

Convening at 10 o'clock a. m., the following property:

12—Head of Horses—12

Nos. 1 and 2. Gray mares 5 and 6 years old, registered, wt. 3000. Paper furnished on day of sale.

No. 3. Gray mare, 7 yrs. old, wt. 1500.

No. 4. Bay mare, 8 years old, wt. 1400.

No. 5. Bay gelding, 5 yrs. old, wt. 1350.

No. 6. Gray mare, 3 yrs. old, wt. 1400, eligible to register.

No. 7. Black mare, 5 yrs. old, wt. 1500.

No. 8. Black horse, 12 yrs. old, wt. 1200.

Nos. 9 and 10. Team of mare mules 8 and 9 yrs. old, wt. 2800.

No. 11. Road Colt, sired by Admiral Vincent.

No. 12. Road colt, Morgan bred.

27—Head of Cattle—27

One Shorthorn cow, 8 years old, a good milk cow; Heifer 2 years old with calf by side; 2 yearling Short-horn steers; 2 heifer calves; 11 black feeding steer calves; 9 red and roan feeding steer calves.

13—Head of Sheep—13

12 Shropshire ewes and 1 Shropshire buck.

47—Head of Hogs—47

45 Fat hogs, if not sold before day of sale; one male hog, registered; one male hog eligible to register. These hogs are the Big Type Poland China.

Farming Implements.

One Weber wagon with platform ladders; 1 feed wagon with ladder and hog rack complete; 1 Superior grain drill 10-7; 1 Catham fanning mill; 2 Casady gang plows, 12 in.; 2 riding cultivators, Case and Buckeye; one Phaeton; Patterson make, good as new; 1 saddle; harness for 7 horses; collars, bridles and other articles too numerous to mention.

Grain—800 bushels of corn, more or less, if not sold before day of sale.

Household Goods—1 Sideboard; 6 dining chairs.

Terms made known on day of sale.

WHAT BILLIONS OF DOLLARS MEAN BY COMPARISONS

A Chicago clothing manufacturing firm is sending out a very interesting letter with the view of impressing the people as to what the tremendous sum of nine billion dollars really means and how the tremendous store of money on hands and the wonderful commercial activity in the United States will affect present and future business.

It is an impressive letter. Read it and see how it impresses you:

"Dear Mr. Business Man:

"Do you know what is meant by the announcement recently made by Secretary McAdoo, that Nine Billions of dollars would be spent by the government and our allies within the United States during the next year?

Do you know what Nine Billions signifies? It means this:

If a man had commenced work at the beginning of the Christian era, 1916 years ago, and received a salary of Eight Dollars for every MINUTE of time from the moment of his birth to twelve o'clock midnight, December 31, 1916, including an extra day for leap year every four years, he would have received eight billions, sixty-one million, nine hundred fourteen thousand, eight hundred and eighty dollars, or nine hundred thirty-eight millions, eighty-five thousand, one hundred and twenty dollars less than the sum which will be scattered broadcast during the next twelve months among the one hundred and five million people of the United States.

If you do not believe it, here are the figures:

There are 525,600 minutes in a year. Add an extra twenty-four hours for leap year every four years, and multiply by 1916 years and you have One Billion, seven million, seven hundred thirty-nine thousand, three hundred and sixty minutes. Think of it. Only One Billion, seven million, seven hundred thirty-nine thousand, three hundred and sixty minutes in the entire Christian era of 1916 years.

Reverse the problem by beginning at the present date and spreading the proposed expenditure of Nine Billions of Dollars over the past ages at the

FOR GOOD PICTURES COME TO GRIGGS & BARRERE

THE NEW POST CARD ART STUDIO

4 for 50c, \$1.00 Per Doz.

Amateur Work Promptly Finished.

Studio opposite Court House
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Costs Less and Kills

That Cold

CASCARA BROMIQUINE

The standard cold cure for 20 years—
in tablet form—safe, sure, no opiates—
cures cold in 24 hours—grasp in 3 days.

Money back if fails. Get the
Hill's picture on it. Costs less, gives
more, saves money.

24 Tablets for 25c.

At Any Drug Store

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Wonderland

*The Home of
Good Pictures*

Today and Tomorrow

Owing to the severe weather we have arranged to hold over for one day the "Joan the Woman" production and two shows will be given tomorrow—matinee and night.

Geraldine Farrar IN JOAN THE WOMAN

OUR BASIS FOR PEACE

(Continued from page one)

tives were sincere and in earnest. They cannot entertain such proposals of conquest and domination.

"The whole incident is full of significance. It is also full of perplexities. With whom are the Russian representatives dealing? For whom are the representatives of the Central Powers speaking? Are they speaking for the majority of their respective parliaments or for the minority party, that military and imperialistic minority which has so far dominated their whole policy and control the affairs of Turkey and of the Balkan states, which have felt obliged to become their associates in this war?

"The Russian representatives had insisted very justly, very wisely and in true spirit of modern democracy that the conferences they have been holding with the Teutonic and Turkish statesmen should be held with open and not closed doors, and all the world has been audience as desired. To whom have we been listening? Them! To those who speak the spirit and intentions of the resolution of the German Reichstag on the 8th of July at least, the spirit and intention of the liberal leaders and parties of Germany, or to those who resist and defy that spirit and intention or insist upon conquest and subjugation? Or are we listening in fact to both. Unreconciled and open and hopeless contradiction? These are very serious and pregnant questions. Upon the answer to them depends the peace of the world.

"But whatever the results of the parley at Brest-Litovsk, whatever the conclusions of council and of purpose in the utterances of the spokesmen of the Central Empires, they have again attempted to acquaint the world with their object in the war, and have again challenged their adversaries to say what their objects are and what sort of settlement they would deem just and satisfactory. There is no good reason why that challenge should not be responded to and responded to with the utmost candor.

We did not wait for it. Not once, but again and again, we have laid our whole thought and purpose before the world, not in general terms only, but each time with sufficient definition to make it clear what sort of definite terms of settlement must necessarily come out of them. Within the last week Mr. Lloyd George has spoken with admirable candor and in admirable spirit for the people and government of Great Britain.

"There is no confusion of council among the adversaries of the Central Powers, no uncertainty of principle, no vagueness of detail. The only secrecy of council, the only lack of fearless frankness, the only failure to make definite statements of the objects of the war lies with Germany and her allies.

"The issue of their life and death hang upon these definitions. No statesman who has the least conception of his responsibility ought for a moment to permit himself to continue this tragical and appalling outpouring of blood and treasure unless he is sure, beyond a peradventure that the objects of the vital sacrifice are parcel of the very life of society, and that the people for whom he speaks thinks them right and imperative as he does.

"There is moreover a voice calling for these definitions of principles and of purpose which is, it seems to me, more thrilling and more compelling than any of the many moving voices with which the troubled air of the world is filled. It is the voice of the Russian people. They are prostrate and all but helpless, it would seem, before the grim power of Germany which has hitherto known no relenting and no pity. Their power apparently is shattered, and yet their soul is not subservient. They will not yield either in principle or in action. Their conception of what is right, or what is human and honorable for them to accept has been stated with a frankness, a largeness of view, a generosity of spirit and a universal human sym-

JOAN OF ARC, a child in years, ignorant, but possessed of a soul of holy patriotism, roused a nation to her standing of liberty in 1430 and won lasting freedom for France. Today Gen. Neville holds the destiny of France in his hand and leads a fighting army to preserve the freedom of the people which Joan of Arc gave to them so many years ago. This great story will be shown in one of the greatest dramatic motion pictures now on the market, viz:

Joan the Woman WITH GERALDINE FARRAR AS JOAN OF ARC

Never has the story of freedom and love of country been told so beautifully and realistically as in this wonderful production.

**Matinee Each Day at 2:30
Evening Show at 7:15**

ONLY ONE NIGHT SHOW

**Admission 10c and 20c
Plus War Tax**

Coming—"The Great White Trail"
Darling of the Clan and Wild and Wooly

any way her legitimate influence of power. We do not wish to fight her either with arms or hostile arrangements of trade if she is willing to associate herself with us and the other peace-loving nations of the world in covenants of justice and law, and fair dealing.

"We wish only to accept a place of equality among the peoples of the world—the new world in which we now live—instead of a place of mastery.

"Neither do we presume to suggest to her any alteration or modification of her institutions. But it is necessary we must rightly say and necessarily as a preliminary to any intelligent dealings with her on our part, that we should know whom her spokesmen speak for when they speak to us whether for the Reichstag majority or the military parties, and the men whose creed is imperial domination.

"We have spoken now surely in terms too concrete to admit of any further doubt or question, and evident principle runs through the whole program I have outlined. It is the principle of justice to all peoples and nationalities and their right to live on equal terms of liberty and safety with one another, whether they be strong or weak. Unless this principle be made its foundation no part of the structure of international justice can stand. The people of the United States could act upon no other principle and to the vindication of its principle they are ready to devote their lives, their honor, and everything that they possess. The moral climax of this the culminating final war for human liberty has come, and they are ready to put their own strength, their own highest purpose, their own integrity and devotion to the test.

"It is this happy sight so clear to the views of every public man that ought to linger in an age that is dead and gone which make it possible for every nation whose purposes are consistent with justice and the peace of the world to avow now, or at any other time, the objects it has in view.

"We enter this war because violations of right had occurred which touched us to the quick and made the life of our own people impossible unless they were corrected and the world secured once and for all against their recurrence.

"What we demand in this war therefore is nothing peculiar to ourselves. It is that the world be made fit and safe to live in; and particularly that it be made safe for every peace-loving nation which, like our own, wishes to live its own life, determine its own institutions, be assured of justice and fair dealing by the other peoples of the world, as against force and selfish aggression.

"All the peoples of the world are, in effect, partners in this interest, and for our own part we see very clearly that unless justice be done to others it will not be done to us. The program of the world peace, therefore, is our program, and that program, the only possible program as we see it.

"In regard to these essential rectifications of wrong and assertions of right we feel ourselves to be intimate partners of all the governments and peoples associated together against the imperialists. We cannot be separated in interest or divided in purpose. We stand together unto the end.

For such arrangements and covenants we are willing to fight and continue to fight until they are achieved; but only because we wish the right to prevail and desire a just and stable peace such as can be secured only by removing the chief provocation of war which this program does remove. We have no jealousy of German greatness and there is nothing in this program that impairs it. We grudge her no achievement or distinction of learning or specific enterprise such as have made her records very bright and very enviable. We do not wish to injure her or block in

any way her legitimate influence of power. We do not wish to fight her either with arms or hostile arrangements of trade if she is willing to associate herself with us and the other peace-loving nations of the world in covenants of justice and law, and fair dealing.

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"It is this happy sight so clear to the views of every public man that ought to linger in an age that is dead and gone which make it possible for every nation whose purposes are consistent with justice and the peace of the world to avow now, or at any other time, the objects it has in view.

"We enter this war because violations of right had occurred which touched us to the quick and made the life of our own people impossible unless they were corrected and the world secured once and for all against their recurrence.

"What we demand in this war therefore is nothing peculiar to ourselves. It is that the world be made fit and safe to live in; and particularly that it be made safe for every peace-loving nation which, like our own, wishes to live its own life, determine its own institutions, be assured of justice and fair dealing by the other peoples of the world, as against force and selfish aggression.

"All the peoples of the world are, in effect, partners in this interest, and for our own part we see very clearly that unless justice be done to others it will not be done to us. The program of the world peace, therefore, is our program, and that program, the only possible program as we see it.

"In regard to these essential rectifications of wrong and assertions of right we feel ourselves to be intimate partners of all the governments and peoples associated together against the imperialists. We cannot be separated in interest or divided in purpose. We stand together unto the end.

For such arrangements and covenants we are willing to fight and continue to fight until they are achieved; but only because we wish the right to prevail and desire a just and stable peace such as can be secured only by removing the chief provocation of war which this program does remove. We have no jealousy of German greatness and there is nothing in this program that impairs it. We grudge her no achievement or distinction of learning or specific enterprise such as have made her records very bright and very enviable. We do not wish to injure her or block in

any way her legitimate influence of power. We do not wish to fight her either with arms or hostile arrangements of trade if she is willing to associate herself with us and the other peace-loving nations of the world in covenants of justice and law, and fair dealing.

"We wish only to accept a place of equality among the peoples of the world—the new world in which we now live—instead of a place of mastery.

"Neither do we presume to suggest to her any alteration or modification of her institutions. But it is necessary we must rightly say and necessarily as a preliminary to any intelligent dealings with her on our part, that we should know whom her spokesmen speak for when they speak to us whether for the Reichstag majority or the military parties, and the men whose creed is imperial domination.

"We have spoken now surely in terms too concrete to admit of any further doubt or question, and evident principle runs through the whole program I have outlined. It is the principle of justice to all peoples and nationalities and their right to live on equal terms of liberty and safety with one another, whether they be strong or weak. Unless this principle be made its foundation no part of the structure of international justice can stand. The people of the United States could act upon no other principle and to the vindication of its principle they are ready to devote their lives, their honor, and everything that they possess. The moral climax of this the culminating final war for human liberty has come, and they are ready to put their own strength, their own highest purpose, their own integrity and devotion to the test.

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"It is this happy sight so clear to the views of every public man that ought to linger in an age that is dead and gone which make it possible for every nation whose purposes are

AN INTERESTING LETTER FROM REV. TITUS LOWE

Not only personal friends of Rev. Titus Lowe, recently pastor of the First church, Omaha, Neb., but readers generally cannot fail to be interested in the following letter:

"Somewhere in France"

Nov. 9, 1917.

"To the members of First Church,
Omaha, Neb."

"My dear people:—

"It is now slightly over one month since I left the home city. The month has been packed with experiences of various kinds. As you know, I have made several journeys across the Great Oceans, but I never made any such trip as the last one. Our ship was crowded with passengers.

"The Y. M. C. A. group was composed of twenty-five men and seven women. They were chosen to fill the many various functions required of the Y. M. C. A. under these extraordinary conditions. In addition we had a unit of the Red Cross doctors and nurses. Various sides of the military departments of America and France were represented. But no troops crossed over with us.

"One morning we had a distinct disturbance. An unknown steamer passed us and after some little time turned and steamed after us. We did considerable zig-zagging, but were

finally brought to by blank shots over our bows. The steamer came quite close to us and we could plainly see her curious camouflage. There was much signalling between the quarter decks of the two ships, of which we never learned the purport.

In the meantime, word ran around like fire that she was a German raider and most of the passengers got into their life boats, and the few that had them, into their life bags. There was considerable nervousness, but no disorder. We all heaved a great sigh of relief when she finally turned and left us. It would have been bad for us had she been other than a friend, for the seas were very high and it is doubtful whether we would have been able to launch a life boat.

"There was one object lesson on board which will never be erased from my mind. In the steerage end of the ship was a company of Armenian men, numbering over a hundred, who were voluntarily returning to their home territory to fight against the unspeakable Turk. The men had been doing well in America and all their dreams of the future were tied up with America, but they were deliberately giving up literally everything in order to do their part in the great struggle. They had scraped and saved a long time to save together their journey money! Most of them realized they were going to die! But their cheerfulness never waned. They were a motley crowd

and most of them could have taken a bath with advantage, but underneath the unliving exterior they were men of heroic mold who had the courage to be true to the Great Ideal.

"We notice a vast change in France since our last visit here in 1903. If one were not supported by an inner light he might be discouraged by seeing so many women dressed completely in black. One cannot but be struck with the absence of beautiful colors which have always been characteristic of France. So many of the older men have black bands around the arm showing in that mute way that one or more of their loved ones have paid the debt of love to France by their lives. No young men are to be found around the streets, either in the cities or in villages. All of the man power in the nation has been mobilized. The French are weary of their savage, unnecessary war—dreadfully weary—but we have not caught a single hint of any repining, nor any single suggestion anywhere that there can be any end to this dread war, save the end that righteousness demands, that is, certain triumph over the German arms. France has no illusions about the war. If there ever was a time when she dreamed about glory, that time is past. It is now just a piece of dreadful necessary business. Into this crucible of suffering into which have been thrown all the multiplied members of the various social orders France is being born again. She has paid a price that no nation was ever called upon to face in all human history, but she is still strong, still unbreakable, and her resolution to win through is inflexible.

"The closer I get to the French people and catch the French idea and ideal, the happier I am that our great country is now standing side by side with France. It is an honor that we are permitted to be here. I am sure that our being here is according to the purposes of the Almighty God and I am sure that infinite good for the world will ensue.

"It is with considerable gratification that we at last found ourselves with a section of our overseas expedition. You would be interested in our present surroundings. The hut in which we are working for the present is like scores of others somewhere in France. It is about thirty feet wide and eighty long. At one end is the canteen minus all intoxicants. The rest of the hut is covered with writing tables, containing ink and pen holders.

"Sometimes we are tempted to believe that every soldier around us spends every minute of his spare time writing to his numerous loved ones in the home land. I am absolutely certain that every soldier in our army thinks more of the folks back home now than at any time in his life before. But, if they love to write letters, I must leave it to your imagination just how crazy they are to receive them. It is a bitter disappointment for any man not to receive a letter when a fresh consignment of home mail comes in. Don't let up on writing to your boys with the forces. Even the most trivial thing that have to do with the family, the city, the club or the church life assume a great importance when they are so far away from home.

"The spirit of the troops we have come in contact with is excellent, just as you would expect it to be. There is much to excite one's pride and admiration when he looks upon a company of American boys swinging down the road. Of course, we have various and sundry troubles. Occasionally the transportation breaks down and we have to make-shift with all kinds of things, but it is not possible to really discourage our men. Most any kind of disappointment is met with nothing worse than 'Well, I guess we are out of luck today.' One of the most popular songs we have around is 'Pack Up Your Troubles In Your Old Kit Bag and Smile, Smile, Smile.'

"I have preached twice each Sunday since being in this place. This is due to the fine spirit of the chaplain here. He has more places than he can manage and so I am delighted to be working with him. At home he is an Episcopal clergyman, and I am persuaded he would make an excellent Methodist.

"But the conditions from which we preach are far, far removed from the dignified surroundings of our beautiful First Church. Last Sunday morning I walked about four miles over a mountainous hill for the morning service. It was a muddy walk and the feet of the men who attended the service would have ruined forever First Church carpet. But First Church congregation was never more attentive than that fine group of boys in khaki. I preached to them on 'Endure Hardness as a Good Soldier of Jesus Christ.' Then I walked the four miles back to my fixed place. In the afternoon Fred Walrath came over and we visited about Omaha and First Church to our heart's content.

"In the evening, I preached to the boys here. I was standing on an empty tobacco box and the hut was cold and many of the boys were compelled to stand up during the entire service, but we had a fine service anyway. Ten pieces of the band led the singing and I preached on the subject of 'Far Country.'

"In the little Catholic church in this community, there is one very pathetic condition which throws into sharp relief this whole dreadful war. The only member of the choir is an old man whose weak, wavering voice finds great difficulty in leading the congregation. Before the war he was assisted in the choir by his five sons. Now three of them are dead and the other two are with the forces of his beloved France, but there is no complaint from this old peasant and his story is typical of thousands of others in France.

TITUS LOWE

NEW HOLLAND MAN IS CHARGED

S. A. Reid of New Holland appeared before the police Monday and demanded a warrant for the arrest of Joe Beekman, charging him with stealing a suit case and personal property from him.

Officer Haggard was sent to New Holland immediately and brought Beekman to this city where he entered a plea of not guilty. The hearing was set for Tuesday at 10:00 o'clock.

Reid attempted to have action brought in New Holland, but as the offense was committed in Fayette county, he was forced to bring the case here.

SUGAR GROVE W. C. T. U.

Sugar Grove W. C. T. U. meeting will be held at the home of Mrs. Maude Cockerill on the Greenfield pike, Wednesday afternoon at two o'clock.

HAY AND STRAW FOR SALE
by the bale, ton, or car load. H. R. Rodecker.

Look Your Best,
Clear White Skin

Looking your best is simply doing that which you owe yourself and your friends. The good appearance of your face and hands are easily and pleasantly secured by the daily use of Sheeran's Cream of Quinceseed. It soothes, comforts and adds new life to the skin. Good appearance is a personal asset—cultivate it. Price 35c at all good drug stores. Advt.

To Our Growers

We desire to state to our old growers as well as new growers that our books are open and we are ready to talk and contract with you for 1918 crop of Peas.

We announce our price for good O. K. Stock shell-edged peas, both June and wrinkled stock, of sixty dollars (\$60.00) per ton delivered to our factory.

This is quite an increase over our last year's prices on Peas.

Peas being a crop that matures early enables the grower to produce a second crop, such as sweet corn, Lima beans, beets or spinach.

Alfalfa or clover sown with peas not only produces you a crop of peas but insures you a start of alfalfa or clover, an undisputed fact.

By way of suggestion regarding acreage. We all know that to insure good crop yields, depends largely upon the soil. If you expect a good crop you must plant that crop in good soil. This is an important consideration, especially during our war when so much is depended upon us. Our success in the canning industry depends upon your success in the growing of crops.

Our Field Inspector, Mr. Harry Hyer, starts on his mission and will endeavor to see you. However we suggest you either call us by phone or write or what is better, come and see us.

We will announce prices on sweet corn in a few days.

The Sears & Nichols Canning Co.

BROWNING CLUB.

Regular meeting of the Browning Club Tuesday evening, January 8th, at 7:30. Nomination of officers.

SECRETARY.

W. R. C.

Woman's Relief Corps, the regular meeting of W. R. C. in Memorial Hall Thursday, January 10 at 1:30 p. m. sharp. Installation of officers. All members urged to be present.

SECRETARY.

Boost Washington—Buy at home.

HAY AND STRAW FOR SALE

by the bale, ton, or car load. H. R. Rodecker.

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A SKY ROCKET IS A BRILLIANT THING

as it soars upward—So is the career of a successful man. But the rocket's life is short and its sparks do not keep anybody warm. See that your career produces more than sparks which die with you, for your family may find the night a cold one.

Talk It Over With **TACGART** LIFE INSURANCE MAN

The Fayette Grain Co.

Announces that on and after this date, in compliance with the resolution of the Board of Directors, everything sold at our elevator will be for cash and that beginning January 10th all present open accounts on the books unsettled at that time will be subjected to an interest charge of 6 per cent.

This charge is made necessary in order to meet the government's requests for conservation.

BARGAIN TIME IS HERE!

FOR SUBSCRIBERS TO

THE WASHINGTON HERALD

Beginning Monday, December 10th, and continuing until further order, the Herald will open its annual bargain month subscription offer, available Only to Subscribers Receiving the Herald by Mail Outside of Washington C. H., Ohio.

This year, notwithstanding the heavy increase in the cost of production and the greatly augmented service which Fayette County's Big Newspaper is giving its readers every day in these stirring times, the rate to subscribers receiving their paper outside of Washington C. H., Ohio, will be . . .

Don't delay in renewing your subscriptions, as a withdrawal of the bargain rate may be necessitated by a change in business conditions at any time.

This Offer is for Cash in Advance All subscriptions are promptly discontinued on the expiration of the time paid for. Your subscription account is carried on the address slip printed on your paper. Look at it and see when your subscription expires and renew while this offer is available.

Don't Wait Until the Last Minute But Attend to Your Herald Subscription at Once. You know what the Herald is and you know that no Fayette county family circle is complete without its daily visit. Don't take chances—act now.

\$2.75

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One time in Daily Herald.....1c
6t in Herald & it in Register.....3c
12t in Herald & 2t in Register.....4c
26t in Herald & 4t in Register.....6c
52t in Herald & 8t in Register.....10c
Additional time 1c a word per week.

Minimum Charge: 1t 15c; 6t 30c.

FOR RENT

FOR RENT — Semi-modern five-room house, Columbus Ave. See Mrs. Elizabeth Browning at Smith's store. 5 tf

FOR RENT — 3 room cottage, 252 Henkle street. Automatic phone 8991. 5 tf

FOR RENT — 6 room house, out buildings corner lot. Soft and hard water, small garden spot. Phones Automatic 5183 or 3851, Bell 368-R. 430 tf

FOR RENT — Six room house on Blackstone avenue. Fayette Renting Agency Rooms 6 and 7 Pavey Bldg. 287 tf

FOR RENT — 7 room house, bath, furnace, electric light and all conveniences. Inquire Dr. R. M. Hughey. 283 tf

FOR RENT — Half of double house on Paint street, six rooms and fully equipped bath room. Both kinds of water and gas. W. A. Saunders. 267 tf

FOR RENT — One half double house on Elm Street, five rooms, gas, water. Call automatic 22771. 255 tf

FOR SALE

FOR SALE — Barred Rock cockerels. S. M. Roush, Bell phone. 5 tf

FOR SALE — Pair best Correct Weight Grocer's scales. Hitchcock & Dalbeary's office. 4 tf

FOR SALE — Prairie State incubators. Mrs. Harry D. Taylor. 3 tf

FOR SALE — Cheap, good enclosed wagon, suitable for either milk or delivery wagon. Auto. 9774. 2 tf

FOR SALE — Ford touring car, well equipped and in good condition. See Sprenger at Ortman's Garage. 1 tf

FOR SALE — 500 shocks of fodder. Both phones. J. P. Bush. 1 tf

FOR SALE — Auto wreckage at A. C. Henkle's. Parts for Overlands, Studebakers, Maxwells, Regal, 1919 Oakland, 1912 Buick, Stoddard-Dayton 7 passenger and springs for almost all cars. Several good radiators, no leaks in. Magneto and a few carburetors. 1 tf

FOR SALE — 1 horse and three wagons, 1 buggy, 2 sets harness; cheap. Jesse Moore, 323 Forest St. 6 tf

FOR SALE — A small farm close to city, good house and barn and out buildings, several fruit trees, on good pike, would trade for a larger farm. Address Mrs. Alida Merriweather, 511 Baltimore street, Middletown, Ohio. 305 tf

FOR SALE — Modern six room house. Bell 217 W. 2. 305 tf

FOR SALE — House of six rooms, phone Automatic 8831. 302 tf

FOR SALE — Mustard Plaster Without the Burn or Sting. D. H. VAN WINKLE

MUSTEROLE — QUICK RELIEF! NO BLISTER!

It Soothes and Relieves Like a Mustard Plaster Without the Burn or Sting

Musterole is a clear, white ointment, made with the oil of mustard. It does all the work of the old-fashioned mustard plaster—does it better and does not blister. You do not have to bother with a cloth. You simply rub it on—and usually the pain is gone!

Many doctors and nurses use Musterole and recommend it to their patients.

They will gladly tell you what relief it gives from sore throat, bronchitis, croup, stiff neck, asthma, neuralgia, congestion, pleurisy, rheumatism, lumbago, pains and aches of the back or joints, sprains, sore muscles, bruises, chilblains, frostbitten feet, colds of the chest (it often prevents pneumonia).

FOR SALE — Underwood typewriter, good condition. One large iron safe. A bargain. The Ortman Motor Company. 244 tf

WANTED

WANTED—immediately, girl to do general housework, no washing, must be neat and careful. Call Au-

tomatic 5913 or apply in person at 729 Broadway. 5 tf

WANTED — Married man to work on farm. House furnished. Good wages to right party. Ira Metzger, Austin Citizen phone 3 and 3 on 66, Frankfort Exchange. 4 tf

WANTED — White girl or woman, for general housework. Mrs. C. C. Krenke, corner North and East streets. 1 tf

Wanted — Men to husk corn. Can furnish house. Both phones. J. P. Bush. 1 tf

WANTED — I take care of all the details of vault cleaning. Call Fred Howard, Automatic 3551. 298 tf

MONEY LOANED — On live stock, chattels and second mortgages. Notes bought. John Harbine, Jr., Allen Building, Xenia, Ohio. 430 tf

WANTED — To buy your old feather beds. Haynes Furniture Company. 185 tf

YOUR FURNITURE — Refinished in French Gray, Old Ivory, Mission, or to match your hangings. Upholstering and repolishing. For estimates and samples see Haynes Furniture Company.

LOST AND FOUND

LOST — Coach dog, with brass collar. Liberal reward if returned to Virginia Campbell. 3 tf

FOUND — Female Collie pup. Owner can have same by paying advertisement. Call Automatic 21151. 1 tf

LOST — Leather wallet containing some valuable papers. Finder please return to James T. Collyron. Bell phone 715-W. 307 tf

CENTRAL OHIO, CORN FARMS: —

200 A. near Woodstock, Champaign Co., in Darby Plains, improvements are good, corn land, \$120 per A.

275 A., not far from Plain City, every foot corn land, 2 sets bldgs., well fenced and tiled, \$130 per A.

205 A., 1-2 mile of R. R. town with all conveniences, land extra good corn soil, improvements of all kinds and in fair condition, \$125 per A.

100 A., 1 mile of Magnetic Springs, the improvements are good on this farm, fine corn land, \$150 per A.

52 A., in heart of Darby Plains, good improvements, fine young orchard, extra corn soil, \$2000.

Have over 200 farms on list, write for size wanted and will send special description. Write us, or call by phone at our expense.

E. H. HATTON & Co., Marysville, O.

FOR SALE — TO Money LOAN

I have an unlimited amount of money to loan Central Ohio farm lands at 4 1/2 per cent. Office Sherman Bldg., Washington C. H., Ohio

D. H. VAN WINKLE

MUSTEROLE — QUICK RELIEF! NO BLISTER!

It Soothes and Relieves Like a Mustard Plaster Without the Burn or Sting

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WOULD HAVE RETURN MADE OF RAILROADS

By American Press

should not help enact laws which they are incapable of obeying.

Henry A. Wise Wood of New York, formerly an advocate of woman suffrage, said women would insist on holding government offices, invading even congress, the supreme court and the White House, and would succeed in unmasking the government and blocking the country's military program.

Mrs. Carrie Chapman Catt and Mrs. Maud Wood Park, officers of the National American Woman Suffrage Association, briefly replied, saying they were before the committee to present "facts, not theory."

The national association made public a number of telegrams and letters advocating the passage of the resolution, among them one from Theodore Roosevelt.

Resolutions were introduced in the senate seeking to amend the section providing for indefinite continuance of government control by providing for automatic return to private control after the war.

The basis of compensation on the earnings of the three years ending last June 30 was criticized in a hearing before the senate interstate commerce committee by Julius Kruttschnitt, chairman of the executive committee of the Southern Pacific, who suggested, instead, the two-and-a-half-year period between July 1, 1915, and Dec. 31, 1917, arguing that earnings for 1915 were below normal.

The house interstate commerce committee started hearings on the bill today. Interstate Commerce Commissioner Anderson explained the measure. Director General McAdoo probably will appear later in the week to urge necessity for prompt action.

The railroad administration devoted itself to executive measures to clear up congestion on eastern railroads and Mr. McAdoo appealed to people of the United States to observe next week as "freight moving week," through an organized movement to unload cars and turn them back from terminals. In anticipation of government assistance in railroad financing, roads were instructed to report immediately the amount of capital they need for the coming year.

Milder weather in the east helped to send freight moving faster, but a snowstorm in the middle west caused a serious tie-up of traffic. The railroad administration was not greatly concerned about the situation there, however, since the congestion is considered only temporary, and probably will pass with the storm.

The Walsh-Pittman oil and coal land leasing bill was passed by the Senate by vote of 37 to 32. It now goes to the house.

GOETHALS NAMED BY SEC'Y BAKER

By American Press

Washington, Jan. 8.—Reorganization of the war department, begun with the creation last month of the war council of high general officers, advanced a step further with the appointment by Secretary Baker of Major General George W. Goethals, acting quartermaster general, to serve also as director of war department transportation and storage. Wide economies in the use of cars and in shipping charges are expected from this centralization in one agency of functions heretofore exercised by five departmental bureaus independently.

Behind the announcement stands the probability that army purchasing will be drawn together under a central control. Steps to this end are under consideration, but legislation may be required to carry it out. The question of finding a man for the job, however, already has been taken up.

General Goethals as acting quartermaster general directs the supply, subsistence and pay departments of the army, supplemented by the embarkation and other services already established in his office, each with a general officer in charge. Under the new order he will, in addition, supervise transportation of all ordnance, engineers, signal corps, aviation service and coast artillery material, as well as quartermaster supplies and troops.

Former Senator Bailey of Texas, in a long speech against the resolution, contended that women are incapable of performing the three principal duties of citizenship, military service, sheriff service and jury service, and the pain is gone!

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County Treasurer A. W. Duff, for the convenience of the tax payers, will be at the following points on the dates designated, for the purpose of collecting taxes:

Good Hope, January 8th; Bloomingburg, January 9th; Jeffersonville, January 10th; Milledgeville, January 11th. 306 tf

Ford

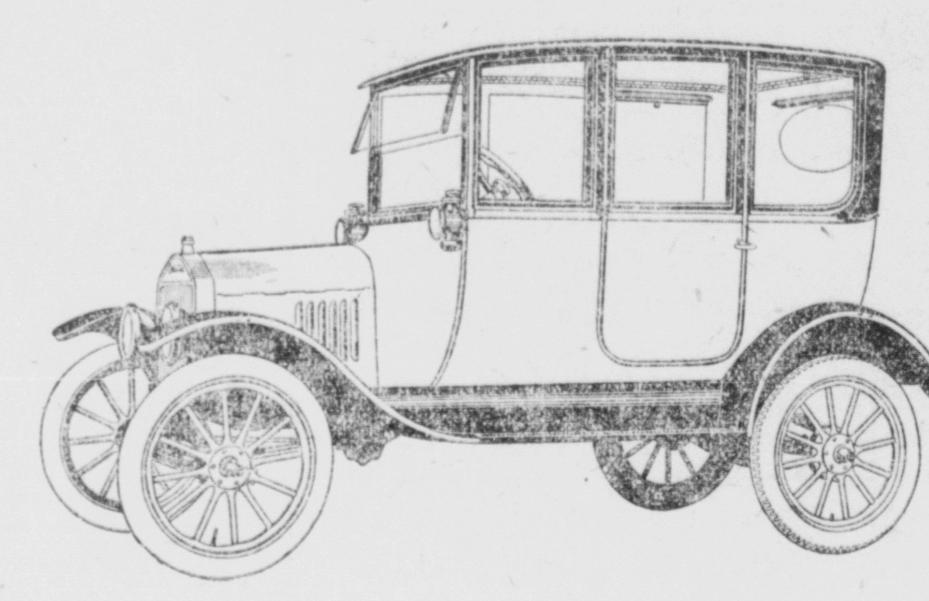
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BY GEORGE McMANUS

